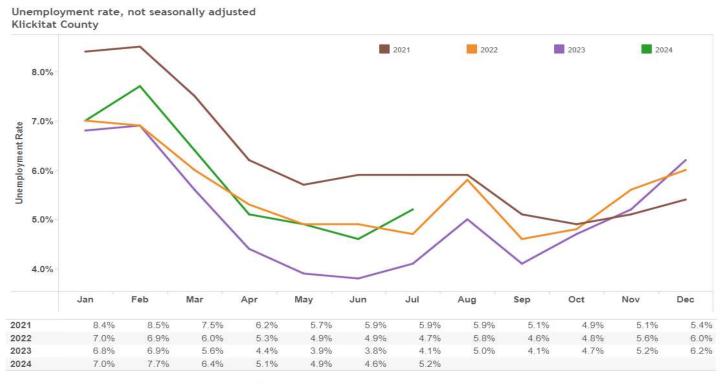
Klickitat County employment and unemployment trends July 2024

In Klickitat County, Washington, as of July 2024, the employment and unemployment trends have shown some interesting patterns. The overall employment levels have remained relatively stable with a slight increase in job opportunities compared to the previous year. The unemployment rate in the county stood at 5.2% in July 2024, which increased from the previous month's rate of 4.6%, and significantly higher than the long-term average of 4.1% in July 2023.



Employment and unemployment, not seasonally adjusted Klickitat County

	2024		2023		2022		2021	
	July	June	July	June	July	June	July	June
Civilian Labor Force	10,024	10,016	9,967	10,124	10,218	10,395	10,511	10,565
Employment	9,504	9,555	9,554	9,741	9,737	9,885	9,891	9,940
Unemployment	520	461	413	383	481	510	620	625
Unemployment Rate	5.2%	4.6%	4.1%	3.8%	4.7%	4.9%	5.9%	5.9%

Analysis of Nonfarm Employment Estimates for Klickitat County

<u>Total Nonfarm</u> Employment decreased by 20 jobs from June to July 2024 and by 60 jobs from July 2023 to July 2024, showing a slight decline of 0.3% and 0.9% respectively.

Private Sector increased by 30 jobs from June to July 2024 but decreased by 100 jobs from July 2023 to July 2024, indicating a 0.6% increase month-over-month but a 2.1% decrease year-over-year.

Goods Producing increased by 20 jobs from June to July 2024 and by 30 jobs from July 2023 to July 2024, reflecting growth of 1.2% and 1.8% respectively.

Service Providing decreased by 40 jobs from June to July 2024 and by 90 jobs from July 2023 to July 2024, showing declines of 0.8% and 1.8% respectively.

Government Sector decreased by 50 jobs from June to July 2024 but increased by 40 jobs from July 2023 to July 2024, indicating a 2.7% decrease month-over-month but a 2.2% increase year-over-year.

Detailed Industry Information

Goods Producing industries:

Mining, Logging, and Construction employment remained stable from June to July 2024 at 390 jobs, but there was a decrease of 20 jobs compared to July 2023, reflecting a 4.9% decline year-over-year.

Construction and Mining had no change from June to July 2024, but a decrease of 20 jobs from July 2023, showing a 5.9% decline year-over-year.

Logging industry employment remained constant at 70 jobs over both periods.

Manufacturing industry employment increased by 20 jobs from June to July 2024 and by 50 jobs from July 2023 to July 2024, indicating growth of 1.5% month-over-month and 3.9% year-over-year.

Service Providing industries:

Trade, Transportation, and Utilities increased by 10 jobs from June to July 2024, with no change from July 2023, showing a 1.1% increase month-over-month. Wholesale Trade employment remained stable from June to July 2024 at 160 jobs, but increased by 10 jobs from July 2023, reflecting a 6.7% increase year-over-year. Retail Trade increased by 10 jobs from June to July 2024, with no change from July 2023, showing a 2.1% increase month-over-month. Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities industry employment remained stable from June to July 2024 at 230 jobs, but decreased by 10 jobs from July 2023, reflecting a 4.2% decline year-over-year.

Professional and Business Services cluster industry employment remained stable from June to July 2024 at 680 jobs, but decreased by 60 jobs from July 2023, showing an 8.1% decline year-over-year. Education and Health Services employment remained stable from June to July 2024 at 430 jobs, but decreased by 20 jobs from July 2023, reflecting a 4.4% decline year-over-year. Leisure and Hospitality employment remained stable from June to July 2024 at 480 jobs, but decreased by 40 jobs from July 2023, showing a 7.7% decline year-over-year.

Government sectors:

Federal Government employment remained stable at 110 jobs over both periods. State Government employment remained stable at 180 jobs over both periods.

Local Government decreased by 50 jobs from June to July 2024 but increased by 40 jobs from July 2023, indicating a 3.2% decrease month-over-month but a 2.7% increase year-over-year. K-12 Education decreased by 50 jobs from June to July 2024 but increased by 40 jobs from July 2023, showing a 7.9% decrease month-over-month but a 7.4% increase year-over-year. Other Local Government employment remained stable at 950 jobs over both periods.

Nonfarm Employment Estimates, Not Seasonally Adjusted **Klickitat County** Data benchmarked through March 2024¹ Updated: August 12, 2024 Change Percentage Change Prelim Revised Revised Jun-24 Jul-23 Jun-24 Jul-23 NAICS Industry Title² Jul-24 Jul-24 Jul-24 Jul-24 Jul-24 Jun-24 Jul-23 Total Nonfarm³ 6,610 6,590 6,650 -20 -60 -0.3% -0.9% Private Sector 4.770 4.740 4.870 30 -100 0.6% -2.1% Goods Producing 1,710 1,690 1,680 20 30 1.2% 1.8% Mining, Logging, and Construction 390 390 410 0 -20 0.0% -4.9% Construction and Mining 320 320 340 0 -20 0.0% -5.9% Logging 70 70 70 0 0 0.0% 0.0% 1,300 Manufacturing 1,320 1.270 20 50 1.5% 3.9% -90 Service Providing 4,880 4,920 4,970 -40 -0.8% -1.8% Trade, Transportation, and Utilities 870 880 10 0 1.1% 0.0% 880 10 Wholesale Trade 160 160 150 0 0.0% 6.7% 480 490 10 0 Retail Trade 490 2.1% 0.0% 240 Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities 230 230 0 -10 0.0% -4.2% Professional and Business Services 680 680 740 0 -60 0.0% -8.1% 450 0 **Education and Health Services** 430 430 -20 0.0% -4.4% 480 480 520 0 -40 0.0% -7.7% Leisure and Hospitality All Other Services 590 590 600 0 -10 0.0% -1.7% 2.2% 1,820 1,870 1,780 -50 40 -2.7% Government 0 Federal Government 110 110 110 0 0.0% 0.0% State Government 180 180 180 0 0 0.0% 0.0% 1,490 40 -3.2% 2.7% Local Government 1,530 1,580 -50 K-12 Education 580 630 540 -50 40 -7.9% 7.4% 950 950 950 0 0 0.0% 0.0% Other Local Government 0 0 0 Workers in Labor/Management Disputes 1 Estimates are prepared by the Data Architecture, Transformation & Analytics branch of the Employment Security Department. To provide the most accurate and current information possible, we benchmark these data quarterly. The benchmarking

process replaces employment estimates with the actual number of job gains or losses from the most recent Quarterly

Census of Employment and Wages. Employment is estimated from the benchmark date to the current month. ² NAICS is the North American Industry Classification System.

³ Nonfarm employment excludes proprietors, self-employed, members of the armed services, workers in private

households and agriculture. These figures include nonfarm full- and part-time wage and salary workers receiving pay during the pay period including the 12th of the month.